## Practice Problems MATH2055: Advanced Linear Algebra Tutorial 2 Basis and Dimension

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(Treil 1.2.4c)

Recall that an antisymmetric matrix is any matrix A which satisfies  $A^{\top} = -A$ . Find a basis for:

- $\bullet$  The set of 2  $\times$  2 antisymmetric matrices.
- $\bullet$  The set of 3  $\times$  3 antisymmetric matrices.
- The set of  $n \times n$  antisymmetric matrices (for  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ).

(Treil 1.2.6) Is it possible that vectors  $v_1$ ,  $v_2$ ,  $v_3$  are linearly dependent, but the vectors  $w_1 = v_1 + v_2$ ,  $w_2 = v_2 + v_3$ ,  $w_3 = v_3 + v_1$ are linearly independent?

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(Axler 2.C.1) Prove or give a counterexample: If V is a finite-dimensional vector space, and U is a subspace of V such that dim  $(U) = \dim (V)$ , then U = V.

## Question 4 - Vector Spaces with One Basis

## (Axler 2.B.1) Find all vector spaces that have exactly one basis. (Hint: There are 2!)