Practice Problems MATH2055: Advanced Linear Algebra Tutorial 3 Inner Product Spaces

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(Treil 5.1.5)

For each of the following, determine if the defined operation is an inner product on the given vector space:

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$$\langle x, y \rangle = x_1 y_1 + x_2 y_2$$
 on \mathbb{C}^2 .
• $\langle x, y \rangle = x_1 y_1 - x_2 y_2$ on \mathbb{R}^2 .
• $\langle A, B \rangle = \operatorname{tr} (A + B)$ on $\mathbb{M}_{n \times n}$.

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(Axler 6.A.4a) Suppose that V is a real inner product space. Show that $\langle u + v, u - v \rangle = ||u||^2 - ||v||^2$ for every $u, v \in V$. Bonus: Can you generalize this proof to the case when V is any inner product space (i.e., not necessarily real)?

(Treil 5.1.4) Prove that for vectors in an inner product space:

$$||x \pm y||^2 = ||x||^2 + ||y||^2 \pm \operatorname{Re}\langle x, y \rangle$$

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